## **Introduced by Assembly Member Ma**

February 15, 2011

An act to amend Section 53395.1 of, and to add Sections 53395.7.5 and 65460.2.5 to, the Government Code, relating to local planning.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 485, as introduced, Ma. Local planning: transit village development districts.

The Transit Village Development Planning Act of 1994 authorizes a city or county to create a transit village plan for a transit village development district that addresses specified characteristics. Existing law authorizes the legislative body of the city or county to adopt an infrastructure financing plan, create an infrastructure financing district, and issue bonds for which only the district is liable, to finance specified public facilities, upon voter approval.

This bill would eliminate the requirement of voter approval for the adoption of an infrastructure financing plan, the creation of an infrastructure financing district, and the issuance of bonds with respect to a transit village development district. The bill would require a city or county that uses infrastructure financing district bonds to finance its transit village development district to use at least 20% of the revenue from those bonds for the purposes of increasing, improving, and preserving the supply of lower and moderate-income housing; to require that those housing units remain available and occupied by moderate-, low-, very low, and extremely low income households for at least 55 years for rental units and 45 years for owner-occupied units; and to rehabilitate, develop, or construct for rental or sale to persons and

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families of low or moderate income an equal number of replacement dwellings to those removed or destroyed from the low- and moderate-income segment of the housing market as a result of the development of the district, as specified. The bill would set forth the findings and declarations of the Legislature, and the intent of the Legislature that the development of transit village development districts be environmentally conscious and sustainable, and that related construction meet or exceed the requirements of the California Green Building Standards Code.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

- 1 SECTION 1. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
  - (1) Federal, state, and local governments in California are investing in new and expanded transit systems in areas throughout the state, including Los Angeles County, the San Francisco Bay area, San Diego County, Santa Clara County, and Sacramento County.
  - (2) This public investment in transit is unrivaled in the state's history and represents well over ten billion dollars (\$10,000,000,000) in planned investment alone.
  - (3) Recent studies of transit ridership in California indicate that people who live within a one-half mile radius of transit stations utilize the transit system in far greater numbers than does the general public living elsewhere.
  - (4) The planning strategy of clustering housing and commercial development around transit stations, and the creation of transit villages pursuant to that strategy, has gained momentum in recent years.
  - (5) Only a few transit stations in California have any concentration of housing in close proximity to the station.
- 21 (6) The greater use of public transit facilitated by the 22 development of transit villages improves local street, road, and 23 highway congestion by providing viable alternatives to automobile 24 use.
- (7) The development of transit village development districts can improve environmental conditions by increasing the use of 26

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public transit, facilitating the creation of and improvements to walkable, mixed-use communities, and decreasing automobile use.

- (8) Transit-oriented development can improve local and regional economies by providing appropriate commercial and residential development opportunities, including investment in local transit village development, job creation through the construction of related facilities, and job creation through employment opportunities associated with related entertainment, retail, residential, and other mixed-use development.
- (9) Facilitating the use of infrastructure financing districts for transit village development could provide local jurisdictions with a cost-effective tool for pursuing transit-oriented development projects.
- (10) Tax-increment financing of transit village development districts will provide a new tool for green development to help achieve sustainable communities strategy and regional transportation plan goals of Senate Bill 375 (Chapter 728 of the Statutes of 2008), as well as the greenhouse gas reduction goals of Assembly Bill 32 (Chapter 488 of the Statutes of 2006).
- (11) Tax-increment financing has been a useful tool for local government to fund redevelopment projects, and the need for the state to continue to provide local governments with revenue generating infrastructure financing tools during difficult economic times. Local governments will benefit greatly from the expanded use of infrastructure financing districts for the delivery of transit-oriented development and related low-income housing.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the development of transit village development districts throughout the state be environmentally conscious and sustainable, and that related construction meet or exceed the requirements of the California Green Building Standards Code, Part 11 of Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations, or its successor code.
- 33 SEC. 2. Section 53395.1 of the Government Code is amended to read:
  - 53395.1. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions eontained in this article following definitions shall govern the construction of this chapter:
  - (a) "Affected taxing entity" means any governmental taxing agency which that levied or had levied on its behalf a property tax on all or a portion of the property located in the proposed district

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1 in the fiscal year prior to the designation of the district, but not 2 including any county office of education, school district, or 3 community college district.

- (b) "City" means a city, a county, or a city and county.
- (c) "Debt" means any binding obligation to repay a sum of money, including obligations in the form of bonds, certificates of participation, long-term leases, loans from government agencies, or loans from banks, other financial institutions, private businesses, or individuals.
- (d) "Designated official" means the city engineer or other appropriate official designated pursuant to Section 53395.13.
  - (e) (1) "District" means an infrastructure financing district.
- (2) An infrastructure financing district is a "district" within the meaning of Section 1 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution.
- (f) "Infrastructure financing district" means a legally constituted governmental entity established pursuant to this chapter for the sole purpose of financing public facilities.
- (g) "Landowner" or "owner of land" means any person shown as the owner of land on the last equalized assessment roll or otherwise known to be the owner of the land by the legislative body. The legislative body has no obligation to obtain other information as to the ownership of land, and its determination of ownership shall be final and conclusive for the purposes of this chapter. A public agency is not a landowner or owner of land for purposes of this chapter, unless the public agency owns all of the land to be included within the proposed district.
- (h) "Legislative body" means the city council or board of supervisors.
- (i) "Transit facility" includes, but is not limited to, any publicly owned facility and amenity necessary to implement a transit village plan adopted pursuant to Article 8.5 (commencing with Section 65460) of Chapter 3 of Division 1 of Title 7.
- SEC. 3. Section 53395.7.5 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 53395.7.5. With respect to an infrastructure financing district proposed to implement a transit village plan adopted pursuant to Article 8.5 (commencing with Section 65460) of Chapter 3 of Division 1 of Title 7, an election is not required to form an infrastructure financing district, adopt an infrastructure financing

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plan, or issue bonds pursuant to this chapter. Any other provision of this chapter applies to the formation of an infrastructure financing district and the adoption of an infrastructure financing plan.

- SEC. 4. Section 65460.2.5 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 65460.2.5. If a city, county, or city and county finances any portion of a district, as defined in this article, under the provisions of Chapter 2.8 (commencing with Section 53395) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5, the city, county, or city and county shall do all of the following:
- (a) Use at least 20 percent of all revenues derived from the property tax increment under Chapter 2.8 (commencing with Section 53395) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 for the purposes of increasing, improving, and preserving the supply of lower and moderate-income housing available in the district at affordable housing cost, as defined in Section 50052.5 of the Health and Safety Code, and occupied by persons and families of low or moderate income, as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, lower income households, as defined in Section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code, very low income households, as defined in Section 50105 of the Health and Safety Code, and extremely low income households, as defined in Section 50106 of the Health and Safety Code. The amount of very low, low- and moderate-income housing shall be in compliance with the Community Redevelopment Law (Part 1 (commencing with Section 33000) of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code) and any adopted policies of the city, county, or city and county that adopted the transit village plan.
- (b) Require that housing units described in subdivision (a) remain available at affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, persons and families of low or moderate income and very low income and extremely low income households for the longest feasible time, but for not less than 55 years for rental units and 45 years for owner-occupied units. The covenants or restrictions implementing this requirement shall be in compliance with subdivision (f) of Section 33334.3 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (c) Rehabilitate, develop, or construct, or cause to be rehabilitated, developed, or constructed for rental or sale to persons or families of low or moderate income an equal number of

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replacement dwelling units that have an equal or greater number of bedrooms as the destroyed or removed units, at affordable 3 housing costs within the district, and within four years after the 4 destruction or removal, whenever dwelling units housing persons 5 or families of low or moderate income are destroyed or removed from the low- and moderate-income housing market as part of the 6 7 development of a district that is subject to a written agreement 8 with the city, county, or city and county, or when financial 9 assistance has been provided by the city, county, or city and county. 10 The replacement dwelling units shall be available at affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, persons and families in the same 11 12 or a lower income category as the persons and families displaced 13 from those destroyed or removed units. 14

- (d) Include in the transit village plan both of the following:
- (1) As one of the five demonstrable public benefits required by subdivision (f) of Section 65460.2, either an increased stock of affordable housing or live-travel options for transit-needy groups.
- (2) Provisions to implement subdivisions (a) and (b) and paragraph (1).